AMERICAN BIRD CONSERVANCY CONSERVANCY IMPACT SCORECARD 2019

American Bird Conservancy is dedicated to conserving birds and their habitats throughout the Americas.* We are also committed to measuring and reporting on our results. This Conservation Impact Scorecard provides a summary of ABC's cumulative conservation actions and outcomes, organized according to the main components of our Strategic Bird Conservation Framework (next page).

Not all programs lend themselves easily to quantitative scoring, and we believe that it is important that we not allow ease of measurability to drive priority-setting away from important but less easily-counted actions (such as training, capacity-building, and sustainability). Other critical aspects, such as our commitment to our mission, our integrity, and our dedication will likely never be measurable in quantitative terms, but we hope that these nevertheless shine through in this scorecard.

Working in partnership is the bedrock of ABC's organizational philosophy, and ABC is one of multiple partners engaged in almost all of these activities. Listed outcomes and actions are those in which ABC played a leading or significant role in the particular accomplishment. We are grateful to all the partners we have worked with over the past 24 years and want to acknowledge that ABC's accomplishments would not be possible without the collective efforts of these groups.

Please see our corresponding <u>2017 Annual Report</u>, as well as our <u>previous Annual Reports</u>, for lists of partners and additional results. A shorter version of this Scorecard is also available at <u>abcbirds.org/scorecard</u>.

* ABC project areas include Hawaii and the U.S. Pacific Territories. TOP: Horned Lark by Ashok Khosla



Across the Continent

THREATS TO ALL BIRDS



Strategic Bird Conservation Framework

ABC works to prevent the extinction of the most **ENDANGERED BIRDS** by helping partner groups <u>establish and sustain reserves</u> for the rarest species in Latin America and the Caribbean; supporting habitat restoration for endemic <u>Hawaiian forest</u> <u>birds</u>; and protecting <u>key seabird colonies</u> from invasive species and other threats. ABC also monitors implementation of the Endangered Species Act to ensure listed birds, and those that need to be listed, are properly conserved. <u>READ MORE.</u>

ABC works to prevent **BIRDS OF CONSERVATION CONCERN** from becoming endangered by engaging landowners and partner groups to help improve management of millions of acres of land in the U.S. and internationally. ABC identifies areas (<u>BirdScapes</u>) where conservation opportunities overlap with key habitat for birds, and develops and implements management practices coupled with incentives to ensure that habitat is well protected, managed, or conserved. <u>READ MORE</u>.

ABC works to prevent or mitigate **THREATS TO ALL BIRDS** by working with policymakers, partner groups, and the private sector to develop and implement solutions to <u>large-scale causes of bird</u> <u>mortality</u>, along with precedent-setting or critical regional bird problems. This work involves lobbying, grassroots outreach, the development of new technologies, and occasional legal action to resolve particularly intractable problems. <u>READ MORE</u>.

ABC helps partners **BUILD CONSERVATION CAPACITY** to sustainably tackle critical issues faced by birds across the Western Hemisphere, from financial and technical support to knowledge sharing across a broad front of management and conservation programs. (*To be addressed in future version of the Scorecard.*)

ENDANGERED BIRDS

Protected Area Creation and Sustainability to Save Species

SUMMARY: There have been 13 bird extinctions in the Americas over the past 50 years (most in Hawaii). Today, the majority of endangered birds outside the U.S. have at least some populations in protected areas, but significant gaps remain, and only 18% of the most threatened species can be considered effectively protected from extinction at present. In the U.S., more endangered birds are increasing than are declining, but Hawaiian species in particular need much more recovery support.

OVERALL STATUS OF BIRDS	CONSERVATION OUTCOMES	ACTION HIGHLIGHTS	
(Much of this data was derived from <u>BirdLife International's</u> <u>DataZone.</u>) Thirteen bird species have gone extinct in the Americas in the past 50 years, most in Hawaii: Kauai	ABC prioritizes its work to halt extinctions by identifying the species at greatest risk, based on the <u>IUCN Red</u> <u>List</u> and the <u>U.S. Endangered Species</u> <u>Act list</u> , and then works with partners to identify conservation opportunities and to develop field-based conservation	ABC supported <u>ECOAN</u> 's community outreach and pollution control programs to help conserve the Junin Grebe in Peru. ABC and <u>AZA</u> supported the development of a vaccine to inoculate captive California Condors against West Nile Virus, and ABC pressed successfully for a ban on lead ammunition in condor range counties in California, since condors scavenge on hunted deer carcasses.	
Akialoa, Guam Reed-warbler, Colombian Grebe, Least Vermilion Flycatcher, Bishop's Oo, Guam Flycatcher, Bridled White-eye, Kamao, Atitlan Grebe, Kauai Oo, Po'ouli, Cryptic Treehunter, and Alagoas Foliage-	projects, species by species. We especially prioritize sites where Endangered or Critically Endangered species are confined to a single site (<u>Alliance for Zero Extinction</u> or AZE sites).	With <u>Biodiversitas</u> , ABC helped expand the Canudos Biological Station in Brazil to 3,649 acres, helping the <u>Lear's Macaw</u> (shown) population grow to 1,700, and downgrading the macaw from	
gleaner. Five more bird species have been declared extinct in the wild but survive in captivity: Alagoas Curassow, Socorro Dove, Guam Kingfisher, Spix's Macaw, and	Of the seven bird species extinctions considered to have been averted since 1994 in the Americas, ABC has provided significant support to efforts to prevent four: 1. Junin Grebe 2. Lear's Macaw a. Grenada Dava	Critical to Endangered. ABC helped to oppose a hotel development, advocated for habitat conservation, and is helping the Grenada Dove Conservation Program control invasive mongooses by providing support for traps to protect the Grenada Dove.	
Hawaiian Crow. (Reintroduction efforts are underway for the latter species.) BirdLife scientists believe that an additional seven bird extinctions	 Grenada Dove <u>Pale-headed Brushfinch</u> ABC also played a contributory role in the case of a further species, the California Condor. 	ABC supported a CECIA expedition that rediscovered the <u>Pale-headed</u> <u>Brushfinch</u> and helped <u>Fundacíon Jocotoco</u> to acquire the 400-acre Yunguilla Reserve in Ecuador, which has helped the brushfinch increase to more than 200 birds, downgrading the species from Critical to Endangered.	

have been averted by conservation intervention since 1994 (the year ABC was founded).		
According to BirdLife International scientists, there are currently 279 IUCN-Red Listed Endangered (EN) and Critically Endangered (CR) bird species in the Americas. Habitat loss is considered the principal threat for 209 of these. Thirty-seven of these have 500 or more individuals in one or more protected area/s, affording those species significant protection against imminent extinction; 198 have some protected populations, but 11 have no protected populations at all. The remaining 70 species are primarily threatened by other factors, such as invasive species, for which equivalent extent of protection metrics are not yet available.	Of the 209 EN and CR species primarily threatened by habitat loss, ABC- supported projects (such as <u>bird</u> <u>reserves</u>) currently provide at least some protected habitat for 82 species (39%). Extinction risk is believed to have been significantly reduced for 14 of these species so far. ABC has contributed significantly to the conservation of 10 species that are estimated to have at least 500 individuals within protected areas: 1. Speckle-chested Piculet 2. Black-cheeked Ant-Tanager 3. Baudo Guan 4. Boa Nova Tapaculo 5. Santa Marta Bush-Tyrant 6. Santa Marta Parakeet 7. Santa Marta Sabrewing 8. Royal Sunangel 9. Lulu's Tody-Flycatcher 10. Black-fronted Piping-Guan A further three ABC focal species have 100% of their range protected, but still number fewer than 500 individuals: 1. <u>Pale-headed Brushfinch</u> 2. <u>Araripe Manakin</u> 3. <u>Stresemann's Bristlefront</u> ABC currently works on 23 of the species threatened primarily by invasive species or other factors – mostly seabirds and Hawaiian birds.	As of December 2019, as part of our work with partners to safeguard rare species, ABC has supported the acquisition/protection of 1,075,145 acres of land at 100 sites in 15 countries, with 38 partners. We have also supported significant habitat restoration efforts, including the planting of 6,076,112 trees and shrubs in reserves and buffer areas. In total, 2,900 bird species have been recorded in ABC-supported reserves (66% of all bird species found in the Americas). In 2018, our partner ECOAN and ABC supported the protection of more than 45,000 acres of cloud forest in northern Peru, sheltering Long-whiskered Owlet and other rare birds. A record 12 Blue-throated Macaw chicks fledged from nest boxes at the ABC-supported Laney Rickman Reserve in Bolivia during the 2018-2019 nesting season, bringing the total of fledglings produced by our partner Asociación Armonía's nest boxes to 81. ABC worked with the <u>Convention on Biological Diversity</u> and the governments of Brazil and Mexico to make government protection of additional EN and CR species confined to single sites (<u>AZE sites</u>) a global policy priority. With <u>GECI</u> , ABC has supported the removal of cats from Socorro Island, Mexico, to save the Townsend's Shearwater from extinction. ABC has supported work that has led to the discovery or rediscovery of nine bird species, including the <u>Antioquia Brushfinch</u> , <u>Táchira Antipitta</u> , and <u>Yellow-eared Parrot</u> . ABC has supported nest box programs for seven threatened species including the <u>Blue-throated Macaw</u> and <u>Gray-breasted</u> <u>Parakeet</u> (the latter helping fledge more than 841 chicks of them newly discovered sites for the species. Altogether, the 20 to 25 birds seen represent at least a two-fold increase in the known global population of the species, offering new opportunities for its conservation.

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	After supporting a <u>new conservation model for the Endangered Kaempfer's</u> <u>Woodpecker</u> , ABC provided emergency support to Brazilian partner Instituto Araguaia to contain and extinguish a fire that was threatening key habitat for the species. Dozens of fire-fighters were hired at short notice to help tackle the blaze, which fortunately did not cause extensive damage.
	A female <u>Stresemann's Bristlefront was filmed and photographed</u> on October 2, 2019 just outside of the Mata do Passarinho Reserve, which is supported by ABC through its partner group Biodiversitas. This confirms the continued survival of the species, albeit with only a single known bird at present. This gives us hope, however, that if searches for additional birds are successful, the species can still be saved.
	A record 12 Blue-throated Macaw chicks fledged from nest boxes at the 1,690 acre Laney Rickman Reserve in Bolivia during the 2018-2019 nesting season, bringing the all-time total of fledglings produced from Asociación Armonía's artificial nest boxes to $81 - a$ significant contribution to a global population that may not exceed 450 in total. ABC helped Armonía <u>create the new Blue-throated Macaw reserve</u> and continues to support the nest box program.
	An ABC project to locate previously unknown nesting areas of the white- faced form of the Black-capped Petrel succeeded when on September 30 a <u>satellite tracked bird crossed into the Dominican Republic</u> , revealing a potentially new nesting area east of known colonies, and at an earlier date than birds usually return to nest. In other seabird news, ABC has begun the process of bidding out a fence construction project for northwestern Molokai in Hawaii, where we hope to attract Laysan Albatrosses to nest on high cliffs safe from rising seas.
	The first Endangered Peruvian Diving-Petrels have returned to Isla Chañaral where ABC, Island Conservation, and the Chilean national park agency (CONAF) are collaborating on a project to install artificial burrows, cameras, and speakers to attract petrels to nest. Almost immediately petrel footprints were found at the artificial burrow entrances.
	The <u>first protected area for the Critically Endangered Marsh Antwren</u> was established in São Paulo state, Brazil, with ABC support. The new reserve spans 5,860 acres and was declared by the municipality of Guararema working with the local organization Guaranature and SAVE Brasil.
	In a bid to <u>prevent the extinction of the Lilacine Amazon</u> – a colorful parrot found only in western Ecuador – ABC supported the establishment of the Las Balsas Communal Reserve by our partner, Fundación Jocotoco, to protect a vital roosting site for the Endangered species.

The U.S. Endangered Species Act (ESA) has different species selection criteria to the IUCN Red List, and it also includes subspecies and populations. ABC uses both lists to help set priorities and to track conservation progress. In 2016, an <u>ABC report</u> documented that 38 ESA-listed species were increasing, 15 were stable, 24 declining, and 17 were of uncertain status or extinct (most of these being Hawaiian species already close to extinction in 1973 when the Act was passed). The report also revealed that 29 species showed status improvements over the <u>most</u> <u>recent prior U.S. Fish and</u> <u>Wildlife Service assessment</u> (conducted in 2010), and that only five had deteriorated. (Note that there is considerable overlap between the <u>IUCN Red</u> <u>List</u> , the U.S. <u>Endangered Species</u> <u>Act</u> list, and the <u>U.S. WatchList</u> , so the number of species ABC provides as ones it works on in these categories is not cumulative.)	Of the 20 ESA-listed bird species that ABC has worked on most directly, the ABC report indicated that seven were considered to be increasing: 1. <u>Short-tailed Albatross</u> 2. <u>California Condor</u> 3. <u>Interior Least Tern</u> 4. <u>Piping Plover</u> 5. San Clemente Loggerhead Shrike 6. <u>Southwest Willow Flycatcher</u> 7. San Clemente Bell's Sparrow (<u>Kirtland's Warbler was removed from</u> <u>the ESA in 2019.</u>) <u>See the 2016 ESA report</u> .	 With the <u>U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service</u> (FWS), ABC helped translocate 50 <u>Millerbirds</u> from Nihoa to Laysan to start a second "insurance" population, which has since expanded to more than 200 birds. With Pacific Rim Conservation_Kauai Endangered Seabird Recovery Project, and FWS, ABC helped <u>translocate 68</u> <u>Hawaiian Petrels</u> (shown) and 45 Newell's Shearwaters to a protected site inside a predator-proof fence on Kauai. On behalf of ABC and several partners, <u>Earthystice</u> sued the Kaua'i Island Utility Cooperative, leading to mitigation for the killing of <u>Newell's Shearwaters</u> at its power lines. Through litigation, ABC also encouraged resorts and businesses on Kauai to shield or eliminate lights that disorient shearwaters. Mitigation funding for light impacts that could not be eliminated have gone towards colony protection. With Pacific Rim Conservation, ABC successfully petitioned to add the 'Akikiki, the 'Akeke'e to the list of birds protected by the Endangered Species Act. Multi-partner petitions that ABC was party to also succeeded in gaining ESA protection for the <u>Red Knot</u>. ABC also pressed for the listing of the Streaked <u>Horned Lark</u>. ABC helped generate \$3 million in federal support for Hawaiian birds through "State of the Birds" funding; ABC is helping multiple partners to restore habitat and is removing/controlling invasive species to protect Hawaiian forest birds on Kauai, Maui, Molokai, and the Big Island. ABC successfully advocated for horseshoe crab harvest restrictions in DE, MD, NJ, and VA, and for the creation of a crab sanctuary at the mouth of Delaware Bay to protect a main food source for Red Knots: horseshoe crab eggs. ABC filed and later <u>settled a law suit</u> to ensure the removal of a feral cat colony threatening Piping Plovers at Jones Beach State Park, NY. ABC promulgated the best science to support improved conservation management decisions for both the <u>Northern Spotted Owl</u> and Interior Least Tern.<

Studies, and the Son Ecology and Restoration Group.		ABC pressed for successful recovery actions to save the San Clemente Loggerhead Shrike which has since benefitted from a captive-breeding effort that includes <u>San Diego Zoo</u> , FWS, the <u>U.S. Navy</u> , the <u>Institute for Wildlife</u> Studies, and the Soil Ecology and Restoration Group.
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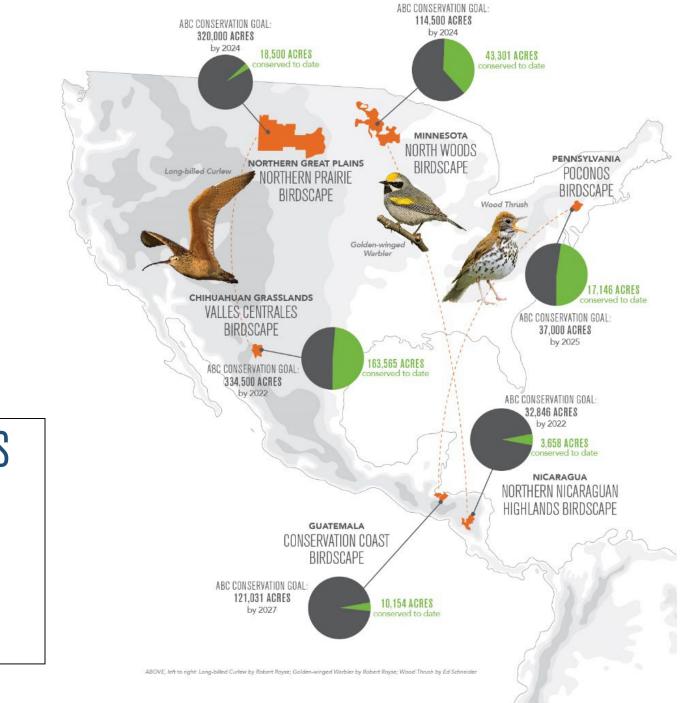
BIRDS OF CONSERVATION CONCERN

Delivering Habitat Management and Landowner Incentives Across the Continent

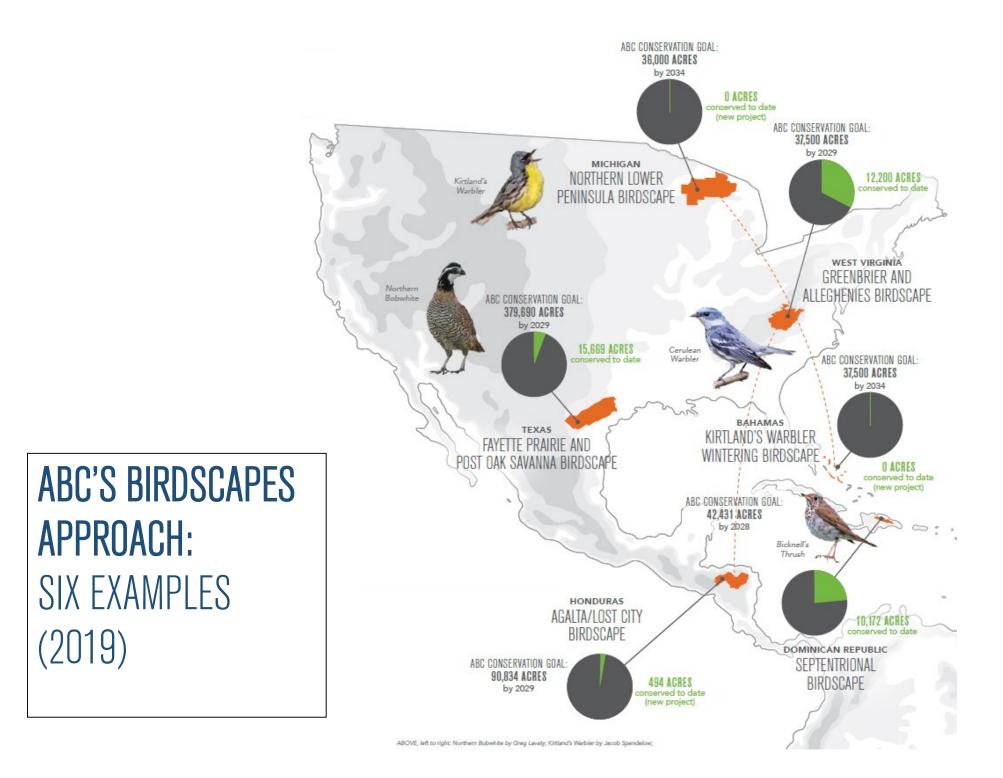
SUMMARY: While raptors and waterfowl populations have responded very positively to conservation action, most other groups of birds are still showing significant long-term declines, and a substantial increase in resources is needed to help these species follow waterfowl and raptors back to robust population levels. Many effective habitat conservation projects are demonstrating that this can be done, and some bird groups are showing recent signs of positive response as a result.

OVERALL STATUS OF BIRDS	CONSERVATION OUTCOMES	ACTION HIGHLIGHTS
<u>Breeding Bird Survey</u> and <u>Christmas</u> <u>Bird Count</u> data shows that since 1970, nearly all major groups of native wild birds have shown <u>significant declines in population</u> , cumulating in an approximate 3 billion overall loss of individual birds from the breeding population (as of September 2019).	ABC works to conserve bird species and subspecies of conservation concern as defined by the <u>U.S. WatchList</u> , and to aims to maximize the abundance and diversity of bird species – including the phenomenon of mass bird migration - by conserving habitat that benefits multiple bird species. To accomplish this, ABC has initially identified 94 priority <u>BirdScapes</u> through which we are delivering, or plan to deliver, large landscape-scale habitat conservation projects to stabilize and restore migratory and other bird populations. (ABC is currently active in 24 of these BirdScapes.) These include breeding,	Grassland birds are the hardest-hit by population declines. In 2918, ABC-led migratory bird joint ventures in Texas collaborated in the restoration of more than 20,000 acres of grassland for birds such as the Eastern Meadowlark, Northern Bobwhite, and Cassin's Sparrow, with support from the National Fish and Wildlife Foundation, Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, and other partners. These efforts in the South Texas BirdScape are also providing significant habitat
These groups include: shorebirds with more a 37.4% loss, grassland birds a 53.3% loss, aerial insectivores a 31.8% loss, Arctic tundra species a 23.4% loss, western forest birds a 29.5% loss, arid land birds a 17% loss, boreal forest birds a 33.1% loss, and eastern forest birds a 17.4% loss. Thanks to strong conservation measures, wetland	 stopover, and nonbreeding areas. ABC plans to expand conservation across the broader landscape by adding additional BirdScapes and partners over time, and by piloting new approaches to conservation through habitat management recommendations coupled with financial incentives to leverage this work to the necessary scale. In the U.S., ABC works extensively, though not exclusively, 	for Monarch butterflies. In the Central Hardwoods region – centered around Missouri and comprising seven other states – ABC and partners collectively completed over 193,000 acres of habitat improvements for Prairie Warbler, Red-headed Woodpecker, and other woodland birds, as well as (to a lesser extent) grassland birds in the
birds show an overall 13% gain. Within these broad groupings, the <u>U.S. WatchList</u> further identifies 270 specific bird species and subspecies as being of particular conservation concern. Of these, ABC	through and with <u>Migratory Bird Joint Ventures</u> (JVs) and their partners to conserve bird habitats. The total area with improved management conducted by JV partners in JVs where ABC staff play a significant role in planning and/or conservation delivery from 2007 to 2017 was <u>over 6.4 million acres in the U.S.</u> (As of December 2019, that number has increased to 7.6 million.)	region. Enough habitat has now been restored on the Mark Twain National Forest in Missouri that an extirpated population of Brown-headed Nuthatches can be restored via translocations from the Ouachita National Forest in Arkansas. The first birds will be moved in the late summer of 2020.

BIRDS OF CONSERVATION CONCERN			
has so far made 65 species and subspecies priorities for program action.	We also work with public and private landowners, and with forest management companies through the <u>Sustainable Forestry</u> <u>Initiative</u> to maintain and improve forest habitat for birds. Due to space considerations, we provide specific metrics for just a few example BirdScapes that link from north to south across the lifecycles of representative "flagship" birds. BirdScapes typically include areas of pristine core habitat, areas that need restoration, areas under threat of habitat conversion, and areas in production that can be managed to contribute to bird conservation objectives. To see a map of BirdScapes please see our <u>spring 2017 magazine</u> . See a few examples of progress in our BirdScapes on the following pages.	Restoring breeding habitat for the rapidly declining Golden-winged Warbler continues to be a top priority for ABC. In 2019, we created more than 2,200 acres of high-quality young forest habitat for the warbler across private and public lands. Since this work commenced in 2013, ABC has created nearly 8,000 acres of habitat for the species in Minnesota alone – an effort extending across public lands in 13 Minnesota counties, conducted in partnership with 22 public and tribal agencies and supported by the National Resources Conservation Services' Regional Conservation Partnership Program. The most recent avian surveys estimate that 89 percent of enhanced sites were occupied by Golden-winged Warblers.	



ABC'S BIRDSCAPES APPROACH: SIX EXAMPLES (2017)



Working to Find Solutions with Policymakers and the Private Sector

SUMMARY: Despite concern from the public, substantial challenges remain in reducing and mitigating many of the most significant sources of bird mortality. Changes in lighting on communication towers and the marking of electrical lines to stop collisions are just two examples of what can be done at little cost to industry, but overall, bird concerns are still under-valued, and the bird community must unite to encourage and incentivize positive change.

OVERALL STATUS OF BIRDS	CONSERVATION OUTCOMES	ACTION HIGHLIGHTS
Feral and owned cat predation: 2.4 Billion Collisions with home and	ABC prioritizes its threat reduction work based on scale and urgency of threat, perceived opportunity for	ABC has communicated the <u>cats indoors</u> message to millions of Americans through social and traditional media. Since 2013, ABC has also intervened successfully on 26 state bills to protect
other building windows: 600 Million 36.5 Million	progress, whether others are already tackling the issue, whether we can provide special expertise or assistance,	birds from the expansion of ineffective cat management programs.
Collisions with vehicles: 200 Million	and whether sufficient resources are available. Due to the large numbers	ABC's <u>glass collisions</u> work has certified 19 glass and window mitigation products as bird-friendly, and 650,000 square feet of
Collisions with communication towers: 6.8 Million	and broad ranges involved, estimated changes in bird mortality due to conservation interventions are	bird-friendly glass installation has already been reported to ABC. ABC contributed to the establishment of a LEED credit for bird-friendly building design and has trained more than 1,500
Entrapment in mining claim marker tubes; oil and wastewater pits: 1 Million	currently still too approximate to be especially useful.	architects in bird-friendly design. Bird-friendly building ordinances and guidelines have been enacted in 13 jurisdictions, and a federal bird-safe building bill has been introduced in the
Collisions with wind turbines: 500 Thousand	ABC's campaign has slowed the rate of spread of feral cat colonies and has encouraged thousands of people to pledge to keep their cats indoors. We	U.S. House and Senate. Through science-based advocacy and legal action, ABC has been instrumental in the cancellation or restriction of aldicarb,
<u>Estimates</u> indicate that the following threats each kill more than 500,000 birds per year in the U.S. and are not adequately mitigated or compensated:	have also stimulated a change in the national conversation about the impact of cats on birds through media coverage and other outreach efforts.	brodifacoum, carbofuran, diazinon, disulfoton, chlorfenapyr, endosulfan, ethyl parathion, phorate, fenthion, monocrotophos, bromodialone, difethialone, and rozol. ABC also engaged in a successful emergency campaign to protect <u>Swainson's Hawks</u> from monocrotophos poisoning in Argentina.
• Feral and owned cat predation: 2.4B (MAJOR ABC PROGRAM)	Reduction of bird collisions with window glass is a long-term effort, but the first critical steps by ABC to	With Earthjustice and the Forest Conservation Council, ABC won a lawsuit resulting in the Federal Communications

- Collisions with home and building windows: 600M (MAJOR ABC PROGRAM)
- Collisions with vehicles: 200M
- Pesticide and toxics poisoning: 72M (ABC PROGRAM)
- Collisions with power lines: 36.5M (ABC PROGRAM)
- Lead poisoning: 12M
- Collisions with communication towers: 6.8M (ABC PROGRAM)
- Electrocution on power lines: 6.7M
- Deliberate killing by animal control: 1.4M
- Mining claim marker tube entrapment: 1M (ABC PROGRAM)
- Oil and waste water pit ensnarement: 750K
- Collisions with wind turbines: 500K (MAJOR ABC PROGRAM)

Additionally, oil spills and fishery bycatch kill fewer (but still large numbers) of high conservation priority seabirds such as albatrosses, petrels, and murrelets.

This table currently includes only mortalitybased threats. Habitat-based and climaterelated threats will be added in future as comparable impact data become available. engage architects, glass manufacturers, and the public is well underway.

Bird mortality caused by pesticides was likely reduced after the cancellation and restriction of organophosphates and carbamates advocated by ABC. Recently, this progress has probably been offset by the advent of <u>neonicotinoid</u> pesticides which are toxic to birds and are also contributing to a loss in insects that birds feed on.

Bird mortality caused by lighted <u>communication towers</u> has almost certainly been reduced significantly because of an ABC lawsuit and outreach that led to large numbers of towers changing to strobe lights that are less likely to lure birds to their deaths.

Large numbers of mining claim markers are being removed by volunteers and claim owners with encouragement from ABC and the Bureau of Land Management.

Wind turbine-related bird mortality is increasing due to the expansion of wind power development. Despite this, ABC has encouraged the <u>adoption</u> <u>of mitigation strategies</u> and has helped to halt or mitigate at least eight major wind projects.

In addition to countering specific threats, ABC works to support overall

Commission working to reduce bird mortality caused by the lighting on tall communication towers. The policy now requires steady burning lights that attract birds to be replaced with strobes, reducing bird mortality by an estimated 70%. The transition is rapidly making progress: Thanks to outreach by ABC and partners, over 2,700 (or 17%) of tall U.S. communication towers have changed their lighting.

ABC has also fought specific tower construction proposals including halting a tower close to Hawk Mountain Sanctuary - one of the worst possible locations in the U.S.

ABC filed and won a law suit to

better protect eagles from wind

turbine strikes by ensuring third

monitoring. ABC filed a law suit

Observatory that succeeded in

halting a wind turbine project at

Camp Perry, OH, in the epicenter

of the greatest songbird migration

with Black Swamp Bird

party oversight for eagle mortality



ABC filed and won a lawsuit to better protect Golden Eagles from wind turbine strikes.

powerlines in the Whooping Crane migration corridor to increase their visibility to migrating cranes.

ABC successfully advocated for the inclusion of seabird protections in the Magnuson–Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act, and for albatross protection measures in U.S. Alaskan and Hawaiian longline fisheries that resulted in a c. 90% reduction is seabird bycatch.

ABC successfully advocated for the <u>removal of lead paint from</u> <u>buildings on Midway</u> that was poisoning Laysan Albatross

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American Bird Conservancy is a top-rated 501(c)(3) charity. For more information, please visit us online at <u>abcbirds.org</u>, contact us at 202-234-7181, or <u>email us.</u>

This version of the ABC Scorecard was produced in December 2019.